




## RELIABILITY & H.V. EQUIPMENT DEPARTMENT

Main Technical Requirements  
For 161 kV  
LIQUID IMMERSED SHUNT REACTORS

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## MAIN TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR 161 KV LIQUID IMMERSED SHUNT REACTORS

### Scope of work:

*This document describes the System data and the main shunt reactors components, focusing on the threshold requirements.*

*This document should not be considered as a "Liquid immersed shunt reactors specification". The main objective is to serve as a guide to those interested in carry out a detailed Specification for an appropriate shunt reactor that fulfill the Local Regulations and Purchaser requirements.*

### Notes:

1. *The technical data, procedures and regulations in this document should be considered as part of the Threshold Requirements of the System.*
2. *The final shunt reactor specification must be evaluated by the customer and the manufacturer to arrive at the final design of each component, considering the **Israel Grid Code** requirements (<https://www.noga-iso.co.il/grid-code/>).*
3. *In the event that there are components where not all requested information is provided or do not reach the NOGA requirements, the equipment or parts thereof may be disqualified for use.*
4. ***This document must be approved and signed by:***
  - 4.1. *End Customer or his representative*
  - 4.2. *Design body (if applicable)*
  - 4.3. *Shunt reactor manufacturer*

***The customer is responsible for providing all data and information requested in this document, as well as ensuring that all technical requirements are fulfilled by the manufacturer in the final supplied product.***

***The customer will be also responsible for verifying the veracity of all data provided by the manufacturer.***

<b>Project Name:</b>	
<b>Spec. No.</b>	
<b>No. of units:</b>	

	<b>Name</b>	<b>Company &amp; country</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Sign</b>
<b>End-Customer or his representative</b>				
<b>Design body (if applicable)</b>				
<b>Manufacturer</b>				

**General:**

- This document covers the installation of shunt reactors indoors or outdoors.
- The applicable standards are included in the respective clauses of this document.
- Required Information and Documentation: Requirements about documentation are in Clauses 25, 26 & 27
- All clauses must be referenced. When a clause does not apply to the selected reactor, the reference will be "N/A" (Non-Applicable).

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TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS AND REQUIRED INFORMATION			
	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
<b>1.</b>	<b>System data</b>		
1.1.	<b>System frequency</b> , according to definition in:	IEC 60050-421, 421-04-03, modified	
1.1.1.	Rated frequency [Hz]	50	
1.1.2.	Range of frequency variation [Hz]	According to <i>Israel Grid code</i>	
1.2.	<b>System voltages</b> , according to definition in:	IEC 60050-421, 421-03-05	
1.2.1.	Rated system voltage (line to line) [kV]	161	
1.2.2.	Highest system voltage (line to line) [kV]	170	
1.3.	<b>Symmetrical short circuit current [kA rms]</b>	50	
1.4.	<b>Methods of the shunt reactor neutral earthing</b>	A solid earthing connection will be used. Other types of grounding connections will be used depending on the results of the Connection Survey study.	
1.5.	<b>Fault duration [sec.]</b>	1	
1.6.	<b>Earth fault factor (EFF)</b>	1.4	
1.7.	<b>Line auto reclosing policy (HV)</b>	Single-phase single shot 0.6 sec.	
<b>2.</b>	<b>Environment Conditions</b>		
2.1.	Environment conditions according to:	IEC 60721/3-4	
2.1.1.	7 months a year without rain with more than 100 nights with dew and high humidity in the air as experienced in coastal or desert areas in this country.		
2.1.2.	Severe atmospheric and industrial air pollution, dust, salt spray and sandstorms		
2.1.3.	Altitude over the sea level up to [m]	1000	
2.1.4.	<b>Chemically active substances: corrosively category</b> according to:	ISO 9223, C5	
2.1.5.	<b>Classification of mechanically active substances</b> according to:	IEC 60721-3-4 Table 4 4S13	
2.1.6.	Bushings pollution levels: Desert and Coastal types of environments, according to:	IEC 60815-1/ Table 5, E6 E7	

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
2.1.7.	Type of Pollution: Desert-Coastal, high inert content	Mixed A+B, A prevalent IEC TS 60815-1	
2.1.8.	Site pollution severity (SPS) class	e (very heavy)	
2.1.9.	Non-Soluble Deposit Density (NSDD) [mg/cm <sup>2</sup> ]	2	
2.1.10.	Equivalent Salt Deposit Density (ESDD) [mg/cm <sup>2</sup> ]	0.45	
2.1.11.	Annual number of dangerous wetting events	200	
2.2.	<b>Classification of Climatic Conditions</b> according to:	IEC 60721-3-4 Table 1 4K26	
2.2.1.	Air temperatures according to:	Clause 2.3	
2.2.2.	Water from sources other than rain [m/s]	15	
2.2.3.	Classification of special climatic conditions according to:	IEC 60721-3-4 Table 2 4Z5	
2.3.	<b>Ambient air temperatures:</b>		
2.3.1.	The indicated temperatures will be considered as default. Other temperatures values must be justified by customer and approved by NOGA	Maximum: 50°C	
2.3.2.		Minimum -5°C	
2.3.3.		Monthly average (hottest month) 40 °C	
2.3.4.		Yearly average 30 °C	
<b>3.</b>	<b>Seismic Qualification Level</b>		
3.1.	<b>The Seismic Qualification Level will be applied to the Shunt reactor and all its accessories</b>		
3.2.	Applicable standard:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IEEE 693-2018</li> <li>IEEE 693A-2024</li> </ul>	
3.3.	Seismicity of site:	Moderate level	
3.4.	Peak ground acceleration with an 85% probability not to be exceeded over a 50 years period:	0.5g	
<b>4.</b>	<b>Electromagnetic Environment</b>		
4.1.	The electronic devices delivered with the shunt reactor shall withstand an electromagnetic environment having the following maximum severity levels according to:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IEC 60255-26</li> <li>IEC 60255-22-part 1-2-3-4</li> </ul>	
4.1.1.	Severity level for electrostatic discharge [kV]	4	
4.1.2.	Severity level for radio frequency interference [V/m]	10	

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
4.1.3.	Severity level for electrical 1 MHz burst disturbance [kV]	2.5	
4.1.4.	Severity level for fast transients according to [kV]	2	
<b>5.</b>	<b>Acceleration During Transport</b>		
5.1.	<b>Typical accelerations expected in shunt reactors during crane loading and transport by rail, road, sea, and air.</b>	The maximum acceleration values allowed in the 3 geometric axes of the shunt reactor (X-Y-Z) must be indicated by the manufacturer depending on the means of transport that will be used for shipping, and must be at least 1 g according to IEC 60076 -1 cl. 5.7.4.2	
5.1.1.	Longitudinal / Transversal / Vertical [g]	Proposal values	/ /
5.1.2.	At least two impact recorders will be installed at factory. Impact recorders should remain on the equipment until offloading onto the final pad (including)	Section 6.1.3 of IEEE C57-150 (2012)	
<b>6.</b>	<b>Functional Specifications</b>		
6.1.	<b>Shunt reactor ratings shall be based on the temperature conditions in clause 2</b>		
6.2.	Reference Standard:	IEC 60076-6	
6.3.	Installation: Indoor/Outdoor		
6.4.	Number of phases:	1 / 3	
6.5.	Type of core (number and type of limbs)		
6.6.	Rated frequency [Hz]	According to cl. 1	
6.7.	Rated voltage Ur [kV]	According to IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.3.1 and 7.4.1	
6.8.	Maximum continuous operating voltage Um [kV]	According to IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.3.2 and 7.4.2	
6.9.	No. of taps (only for VSR)		
6.10.	Rated power	According to IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.3.3 and 7.4.3	
6.10.1.	Maximum rated power (at rated voltage) [MVar]:		
6.10.2.	Minimum rated power (at rated voltage) [MVar]:		
6.10.3.	Maximum rated power (at maximum voltage) [MVar]:		
6.10.4.	Minimum rated power (at maximum voltage) [MVar]:		
6.11.	Maximum rated current (at rated voltage) [A]	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.3.4	

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
6.12.	Minimum rated current (at rated voltage) [A]		
6.13.	Minimum rated current (at maximum voltage) [A]		
6.14.	Reactance for each tap [Ohm/phase] according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.3.5 and 7.9.2	
6.15.	Zero-sequence reactance [Ohm] according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.3.6 and 7.4.4	
6.16.	Ratio of the zero-sequence to the positive sequence reactance ( $X_0/X_1$ )		
6.17.	Mutual reactance [Ohm] according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.3.7 and 7.4.5	
6.18.	Inrush current level according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.3.8, 7.4.6 and B.6	
6.19.	Linearity of the shunt reactor in reference to $U_r$ according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.4.7 and 7.9.3	
6.20.	Permissible unbalance current among phases [%]		
6.21.	Harmonics of the current as per cent of the fundamental at max. operating voltage	2 <sup>nd</sup> / 3 <sup>rd</sup> / 5 <sup>th</sup> / 7 <sup>th</sup>	
6.22.	Cooling methods according to:	IEC 60076-2	
6.23.	Connection between windings	YN	
6.24.	Mechanical vibration level according to:	IEC 60076-6, cl. 7.8.13.4	
6.25.	Insulation level: at least 750/325 kV and according to:	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.2.2 and Table 2	
6.26.	Neutral Insulation level [kV] according to:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.4.2</li> <li><b>Israel Grid Code</b></li> </ul>	
6.27.	Temperature rise limit according to:	IEC 60076-2, Table 1 and 2	
6.27.1.	<b>The temperature rise correction factor must be <math>K = -10</math> (Table 2 of IEC 60076-2), consequently, the following corrected temperature rise limits will be adopted according to Table 1 of IEC 60076-2. The selection of other K values must be justified by customer and approved by NOGA</b>		
6.27.1.1.	Top insulating liquid temp. rise, no more than [K]	50	
6.27.1.2.	Average winding temp. rise (by resistance variation), no more than [K]	55	
6.27.1.3.	Winding Hot-Spot temperature rise, no more than [K]	68	
6.28.	Permissible time that the shunt reactor can withstand the following power frequency over-voltages without exceeding a winding hotspot temperature of 140°C:		



	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
6.28.1.	150% overvoltage [sec]		
6.28.2.	140% overvoltage [sec]		
6.28.3.	130% overvoltage [sec]		
6.28.4.	120% overvoltage [sec]		
6.28.5.	110% overvoltage [min]		
6.28.6.	105% overvoltage [min]		
6.29.	Maximum total loss at Ur and Qr at 75 °C		
6.30.	<b>All associated components of the shunt reactor including bushings, CT's, tap changer, etc. shall withstand the shunt reactor over current and over voltages characteristics.</b>		
6.31.	Maximum guaranteed total sound power level at rated voltage, rated current and rated frequency with all the cooling sections in operation [dB(A)], according to:	The choice of the shunt reactor " <i>Maximum guaranteed total sound power level</i> " will be based on the results of an environmental survey approved by the <b>Ministry of Environmental Protection</b> . The customer understand that the choice of the appropriate sound power level is under his exclusive responsibility.	
<b>7.</b>	<b>Bushings</b>		
7.1.	<b>The required data in clauses 7.2 to 7.23 must also be provided for HV and neutral bushings.</b>		
	<b>It must be ensured that there are no elements in/on the bushings that are affected by long-term vibrations.</b>		
7.2.	Selected HV bushing (manufacturer and model)		
7.3.	Selected Neutral bushing (manufacturer and model)		
7.4.	The bushings shall be designed for the service conditions stated in clause 2 and 3 of this document and according to:	IEC 60137 cl. 4.8, 5.3 & 10.1	
7.5.	All bushings shall be tested according to:	IEC 60137	
7.6.	Required minimum values of cantilever withstand load applied on the bushings according to	IEC 60137 cl. 4.5 (level II)	
7.7.	Rated voltage [kV] HV / Neutral	161 / Neutral	/
7.8.	Highest phase-to-phase voltage [kV r.m.s] HV / Neutral	170 / Neutral	/
7.9.	Rated phase-to-earth voltage min [kV r.m.s] HV / Neutral	93 / Neutral	/

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
7.10.	Maximum phase-to-earth temporary over-voltages the bushings can withstand according to:	IEC 60137 cl. 5.1	
7.11.	HV Bushings Insulation levels must be in accordance with IEC 60137 Table 3 and <b>at least</b> :		
7.11.1.	Lightning impulse withstand voltage [kV peak] HV / Neutral	750 / Neutral	/
7.11.2.	Power frequency withstand voltage (dry) [kV r.m.s] HV / Neutral	355 / Neutral	/
7.11.3.	Power frequency withstand voltage (wet) [kV r.m.s] HV / Neutral	325 / Neutral	/
7.12.	Creepage distance [mm] according to SPS class e and RU SCD= 53.7 IEC 60815-3 / 60815-1. For HV bushings, at least:	5270 / Neutral	/
7.13.	The bushing profile shall include Alternating Sheds according to:	IEC 60815-3	
7.14.	For HV bushings, the arcing distance must be at least [mm]	1500 / Neutral	/
7.15.	Rated current according to:	IEC 60137 cl. 4.2	
7.16.	Rated thermal short-time current (I <sub>th</sub> ) at 2 sec, at least:	25 I <sub>r</sub>	
7.17.	Dynamic short-circuit withstand current according to:	IEC 60137 cl. 4.4	
7.18.	The seismic qualification for all bushings must be in accordance with:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clause 3</li> <li>• IEEE 693-2018</li> <li>• IEEE 693A-2024</li> </ul>	
7.19.	The temperature limits of metal parts in contact with insulating material must be according to:	IEC 60137	
7.20.	The bushing hottest spot temperature above the temperature of the immersion medium in overload condition must be according to:		
7.21.	Bushings profile parameters according to:	Annex 4	
7.22.	The connection between the bushings and the tank must be designed to prevent damage due to vibration.		

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
<b>8.</b>	<b>Tap Changer</b>	If applicable	
	In the event in which the shunt reactor is equipped with an OLTC, it will be equipped with all necessary control, alarm and protection devices		
8.1.	Applicable standard:	IEC 60214	
8.2.	Type:	OLTC / DETC	
8.3.	Rated through current [A] according to:	IEC 60214-1: 2014 cl. 3.29	
8.4.	Maximum rated through current [A]	IEC 60214-1/2	
8.5.	Rated step voltage [V]	IEC 60214-1: 2014 cl. 3.31	
8.6.	Maximum rated step voltage [V]	IEC 60214-1	
8.7.	Rated insulation level		
8.7.1.	The isolation level of the tap-changer must be appropriate considering the installation place and according to:	IEC 602141:2014, cl. 7.2.5.2	
8.8.	OLTC maximum rated through current $I_{rm}$ (A) as defined in:	IEC 60214-2	
8.9.	Overload capability of the tap changer according to:	IEC 60076-7	
8.10.	Position of taps in winding:	Line end, middle, neutral point	
8.11.	Rated short-time current 2 sec. and 4 sec. [kA]	According to shunt reactor design and System data	
8.12.	Dynamic short-circuit withstand current [kA peak]:		
8.13.	Voltage class [kV]:		
8.13.1.	Lightning impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50μsec Power frequency withstand voltage 50 Hz, 1 min:		/
8.13.2.	Maximum continuously operating voltage:		
8.13.3.	To earth at least [kV peak] / [kV rms]	According to Clause 8.7	/
8.13.4.	Between phases [kV peak] / [kV rms]		/
8.13.5.	Between the first and last contacts of the tap selector or selector switch and, where fitted, of the change-over selector [kV peak] / [kV rms]		/
8.13.6.	Between diverter switch contacts in their final open position [kV peak] / [kV rms]		/

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
8.13.7.	Between any two adjacent contacts of the tap selector or selector switch or any other contacts relevant to the tap-changer contact configuration [kV peak] / [kV rms]	According to Clause 8.7	/
8.14.	At least a PRD protective device shall be installed. The following protection devices can also be considered:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gas and oil flow relay</li> <li>Overpressure relay</li> </ul>	
<b>9.</b>	<b>X/R ratio:</b>		
9.1.	Principal tap		
9.2.	Maximum tap		
9.3.	Minimum tap		
<b>10.</b>	<b>Windings</b>		
10.1.	Applicable standards for winding wires and cables:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IEC 60317</li> <li>IEC 60554</li> </ul>	
10.2.	In order to protect the coil copper wire against sulfur corrosion phenomena, the copper wire used for windings production shall be enameled according to:	IEC 60317	
10.3.	Insulation:		
10.3.1.	Thermal insulation class of the winding wire/cable will be at least 120 °C (E) according to:	IEC 60085	
10.3.2.	The winding wire/cable paper insulation material shall be at least Thermally Upgraded Paper		
10.4.	The temperature rise at Rated Power must not exceed the values in:	Clause 6.27	
10.5.	The shunt reactor windings will be able to withstand three-phase short-circuit currents (thermal and dynamic) in all taps.	For reactors with auxiliary windings only	
10.6.	The shunt reactor shall be able to withstand the stated symmetrical short-circuits for not less than (sec)	2	
10.7.	The maximum permissible value of average temperature of the winding after short-circuit shall be according to:	IEC 60076-5 Table 3	

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
<b>11.</b>	<b>Insulation oil</b>		
11.1.	The shunt reactor oil shall meet the requirements indicated in:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Annex 1</li> <li>IEC 60296</li> </ul>	
11.2.	The mixability between oils must be in accordance with:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IEC 60296</li> <li>IEC 60422</li> </ul>	
<b>12.</b>	<b>Gas and liquid actuated relay (Buchholz relay)</b>	According to IEC 60076-22-1	
<b>13.</b>	<b>Pressure relief devices</b>	According to IEC 60076-22-1	
<b>14.</b>	<b>Automatic OLTC Regulator</b>		
14.1.	A control system for OLTC shall be provided for reactance control.		
14.2.	The automatic OLTC regulator software shall fulfill the CYBER REQUIREMENTS according to:	Israel Grid code	
<b>15.</b>	<b>Oil Preservation System</b>	(conservator / Inert gas pressure system)	
15.1.	The oil preservation system must include a system that prevents direct contact between the oil and air.		
15.2.	The oil for the OLTC diverter and main tank shall be separated.		
<b>16.</b>	<b>Shunt reactor Cooling System</b>	According to: IEC 60076-2	
16.1.	In the event that it is decided to install a cooling system other than ONAN, it must include automatic control equipment that allows the temperature of the shunt reactor to be maintained within the established limits, considering the environmental conditions in:	Clause 2	
16.2.	The control of the cooling system will be carried out through a Shunt reactor monitoring system	See Clause 17	
<b>17.</b>	<b>Shunt reactor Monitoring Systems</b>		
17.1.	A Monitor/s for Oil-Filled Shunt reactor shall be provided for control and monitoring at least the following functions:		
17.1.1.	Winding temperature monitoring		
17.1.2.	Top oil temperature monitoring		

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
17.1.3.	On-Load Tap changer temperature monitoring		
17.1.4.	Cooling system and fan control.		
17.1.5.	PRD actuation alarms		
17.1.6.	Main and OLTC conservator compartments oil level monitoring.		
17.1.7.	Gas and moisture in oil monitoring		
<b>18.</b>	<b>Control Box</b>		
18.1.	All control and protection devices, switches, CT terminals, etc., will be assembled in a dustproof and weatherproof box, with a temperature and humidity control system, mounted directly on the tank walls or in its proximity, considering clauses 2 and in accordance with:	IEC 61439	
18.2.	The degree of protection shall be at least IP 55 According to	IEC 60529	
18.3.	Electromagnetic Control box code shall be at least EM4677xx, according to:	IEC 61000-5-7	
18.4.	The control box shall be supported by suitable vibration damping device designed to withstand the seismic and vibration characteristics described in:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clause 3</li> <li>• Clause 6.24</li> </ul>	
18.5.	The coating must be designed to withstand the Climatic and Environmental Conditions according to:	Clauses 2	
18.6.	Thermal calculations of the control box must be performed according to	IEC 61439	
<b>19.</b>	<b>Tank</b>		
19.1.	The shunt reactor tank shall be of welded steel plate construction reinforced to withstand the most severe conditions of operation, transport and vacuum treatment according to:	IEC 60076-1	

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
19.2.	The shunt reactor tank and accessories must be designed to ensure avoidance from any harmful effect that may occur due to the adopted "Mechanical vibration level" in clause:	clause 6.24	
19.3.	The shunt reactor tank shall be absolutely water and hot-oil tight and provided with an oil tight cover according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl. 11.8 and 11.11	
19.4.	The mechanical design of the tank should avoid any accumulation of water.		
19.5.	The tank anchorage design should be in accordance with:	IEEE 693-2018, cl. D 8.2	
19.6.	Grounding pads:		
19.6.1.	Grounding pads should be designed at least for the maximum short circuit current according to:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clause 1.3</li> <li>• IEC 60076-22-7</li> </ul>	
19.7.	It is advisable to include in the tank design a suitable support for surge arresters mounting to minimize the distance between them and bushings.		
19.8.	Ground connection must be provided to all removable metal parts and accessories of the shunt reactor.		
<b>20.</b>	<b>Coating Application System</b>		
20.1.	The coating system shall supply protection against atmospheric erosion and corrosion. The coating type and application system shall be according to environmental condition as described in:	Clause 2	
20.2.	All coating for internal and external parts must be compatible with the shunt reactor oil.		
20.3.	Certificates of mechanical inspection and coating must be included in FAT report.		
<b>21.</b>	<b>Rating plates</b>		
21.1.	The Rating Plate must include at least all the information requested in:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.7	



	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
21.2.	Data on the Rating Plate must be engraved with any system that guarantees its readability throughout the shunt reactor service life.		
<b>22.</b>	<b>Shunt reactor test</b>	According to: IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8	
22.1.	<b>Routine tests</b> according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.2	
	<b>All routine tests and marked (*) special tests shall be performed on each supplied shunt reactors</b>		
22.1.1.	Measurement of winding resistance according to:	IEC 60076-1 subcl.11.12	
22.1.2.	Measurement of reactance according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.5	
22.1.3.	Measurement of loss according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.6 Reference temperature must be indicated	
22.1.4.	Dielectric Test according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.10	
22.1.4.1.	Lightning impulse test (LI) according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.10.4	
22.1.4.2.	Applied voltage test (AV)	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.3.2.1. b	
22.1.4.3.	Induce voltage test & partial discharges (PD) (IVPD) according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.10.3 IEC 60076-3 cl. 11.3	
22.1.4.4.	Line terminal AC withstand voltage test for non-uniformly insulated shunt reactor (LTAC) according to [kV R.M.S] (May be omitted if a switching impulse test is performed)	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.3.2.1. d	
22.1.5.	Test on- on load tap changer (if applicable) according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl. 11.7	
22.1.6.	Leak testing with pressure according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl. 11.8	
22.1.7.	Check of ratio and polarity of built in CTs		
22.1.8.	Check of core and frame insulation according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl. 11.12	
22.1.9.	Determination of capacitances windings to earth and between windings (if applicable)		
22.1.9.1.	Measurement of the dissipation factor ( $\tan \delta$ ) of the insulation system capacitances	IEEE Std C.57.12.90 subcl.10.10	
22.1.10.	Measurement of dissolved gasses in dielectric liquid according to:	IEC 61181 IEC 60567	
22.2.	<b>Type test</b> according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.3	



	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
	<b>Type tests and special tests marked (**) shall be carried out on at least one shunt reactor, when one or more shunt reactors are supplied under the same Functional Specifications in clause 6</b>		
22.2.1.	Temperature-rise tests (including winding hot-spot calculation) according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.14	
22.2.2.	Measurement of vibration according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.13	
22.2.3.	A chromatographic analysis of dissolved gases in the oil shall be performed before and after the temperature rise test according to	IEC 61181 IEC 60567	
22.2.4.	Determination of shunt reactor sound level with the OLTC on the tap position for maximum sound level and close to the service temperatures according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.12	
22.2.5.	Measurement of the power taken by the cooling system (if applicable)		
22.3.	<b>Special tests</b> according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl. 11	
	<b>* Special tests required by NOGA for all routine and type test shunt reactors</b> <b>** Special tests required by NOGA for type test shunt reactors only</b>		
22.3.1.	Dielectric special test according to:	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.3.2	
22.3.1.1.	* Lightning impulse test on the neutral terminal (LIN)	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.3.2.2 d	
22.3.1.2.	Lightning impulses applied to multiple line terminals simultaneously (LIMT)	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.3.2.2 e	
22.3.1.3.	Switching impulse test (SI)	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.3.2.2 a	
22.3.1.4.	* Chopped wave lightning impulse test (LIC)	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.3.2.2 b	
22.3.1.5.	Line terminal AC withstand voltage test (LTAC) for shunt reactors with uniform insulation windings	IEC 60076-3 cl. 7.3.2.2 c	
22.3.2.	Winding hot-spot temperature-rise measurement as a part of temperature-rise test according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl 11.1.4 b	
22.3.3.	* Measurement of d.c. insulation resistance each winding to earth and between windings (is applicable)		

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
22.3.4.	** Measurement of zero-sequence reactance on three phase shunt reactors according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.8	
22.3.5.	** Measurement of mutual reactance on three-phase shunt reactors according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.9	
22.3.6.	** Measurement of harmonics of the current according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.7	
22.3.7.	** Measurement of loss close to reference temperature according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.6	
22.3.8.	** Determination of linearity of reactance according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.5.3	
22.3.9.	** Measurement of magnetic characteristic for gapped-core shunt reactors according to:	IEC 60076-6 cl. 7.8.11	
22.3.10.	* CT insulation resistance measurement tests shall be performed for each shunt reactor, on the CT terminals block, at [kV r.m.s]	2.5	
22.3.11.	** Vacuum deflection test according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl. 11.9	
22.3.12.	** Pressure deflection test according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl. 11.10	
22.3.13.	* Vacuum tightness test according to:	IEC 60076-1 cl. 11.11	
22.3.14.	* Measurement of frequency response (SFRA)	IEC 60076-18	
22.3.15.	* Check of external coating according to:	ISO 2178 and 2409 or as specified	
<b>23.</b>	<b>NOGA additional tests requirements</b>		
23.1.	If the shunt reactor is shipped without oil, the moisture content of the air inside the shunt reactor, as a percentage of the dry weight of the insulation, must be provided for each delivered shunt reactor in accordance with:	IEEE Std C57.93-2019	
23.1.1.	The moisture content in percent of insulation dry weight on each shunt reactor shall not exceed (%)	1	
23.2.	Measurement of the bushing's dielectric dissipation factor ( $\tan \delta$ ) and C1-C2		

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
<b>24.</b>	<b>Cyber &amp; Information Security</b>		
24.1.	Security information of the equipment designing and manufacturing according to:	Israel Grid code	
24.2.	Network and security safeguards of the equipment.		
<b>25.</b>	<b>Required Attachments</b>		
25.1.	Valid manufacturer certifications according to:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ISO 9001</li> <li>• ISO/IEC 17025</li> </ul>	
25.2.	Shunt reactor instruction book		
25.3.	Buchholtz Relay: C.O.T and Type test certificates according to	IEC 60076-22	
25.4.	PRD: C.O.T and Type test certificates according to	IEC 60076-22	
25.5.	Bushings: Routine and Type Test certificates, data sheet and drawings, including sheds profile drawings according to:	IEC 60137	
25.6.	Bushings seismic qualification documentation	According to clause 7.18 requirements	
25.7.	Tap Changer and Automatic OLTC Regulator: C.O.T and Type Test certificate according to:	IEC 60214	
25.8.	Calculations demonstrating that the shunt reactor complies with the clause 3: Seismic Qualification Level for the following components:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tank</li> <li>• Core and coils</li> <li>• Anchorage system</li> <li>• Radiators</li> <li>• Conservators</li> <li>• Control cabinets</li> </ul>	
25.9.	Oil certificates according to:	Annex 1	
25.10.	Rating plate drawing		
25.11.	Drawing of the shunt reactor general dimensions		
25.12.	Anchoring system drawing of the shunt reactor and pad.		
25.13.	FAT and SAT tests reports		
25.14.	A manufacturer commissioning authorization according to:	Clause 26.3	

	Description	Required Value or Applicable Standard	Manufacturer's Confirmation or Proposal
<b>26.</b>	<b>FAT, Arrival test and SAT</b>		
26.1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NOGA must evaluate and approve the content of the FAT and SAT programs. The FAT program must be submitted to NOGA at least 1 month before the scheduled test date and SAT program at least 1 month before the scheduled installation date.</li> <li>The FAT program and report must include the description of each test, the applicable standard, test voltage (where applicable), acceptance criteria, guaranteed values, and tolerances. The FAT report must include a Rating Plate drawing including tests results.</li> <li>The results of the FAT and SAT must be sent to NOGA for evaluation.</li> <li><b>The shunt reactor will not be shipped to its destination before obtaining the FAT approval by NOGA.</b></li> </ul>		
26.2.	<b>Arrival test and SAT:</b> The manufacturer can suggest alternatives for the Arrival test and SAT. The final content will be agreed between the customer, the manufacturer and NOGA. The Arrival test and SAT programs must include at least the recommendations of standard:	IEEE C57.150	
26.3.	<b>The manufacturer must grant a commissioning authorization based in the results of the SAT report.</b>		
<b>27.</b>	<b>Operational experience</b>	See Annex 2	
<b>28.</b>	<b>Reliability, Availability, Maintainability and Safety</b>	See Annex 3	

**Annex 1: Insulation oil**
**Insulation oil**

1.	The shunt reactor oil shall meet the requirements indicated in:		IEC 60296
1.1.	The mixability between oils must be in accordance with:		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IEC 60296</li><li>• IEC 60422</li></ul>
1.2.	Requirements for Insulation Oil:		
	Property	Test method	Limits
1.2.1.	Function		
1.2.1.1.	Viscosity at 40 °C	ISO 3104	Max. 12 mm²/s
1.2.1.2.	Viscosity at -30 °C	ISO 3104	Max. 1 800 mm²/s
1.2.1.3.	Pour point	ISO 3016	Max. -40 °C
1.2.1.4.	Water content	IEC 60814	Max. 30 mg/kg <sup>a</sup> /40 mg/kg <sup>b</sup>
1.2.1.5.	Breakdown voltage	IEC 60156	Min. 30 kV/70 kV <sup>c</sup>
1.2.1.6.	Density at 20 °C	ISO 3675 or ISO 12185	Max. 0.895 g/ml
1.2.1.7.	DDF at 90 °C	IEC 60247 or IEC 61620	Max. 0.005
1.2.2.	Refining/stability		
1.2.2.1.	Appearance		Clear, free from sediment and suspended matter
1.2.2.2.	Acidity	IEC 62021-1	Max. 0.01 mg KOH/g
1.2.2.3.	Interfacial tension	EN 14210 or ASTM D971	Min. 40 mN/m
1.2.2.4.	Corrosive sulfur	DIN 51353	Not corrosive
1.2.2.5.	Anti-oxidant inhibitor	IEC 60666	0.08 - 0.40%
1.2.2.6.	Dibenzyl Disulfide (DBDS)	IEC 62697-1	Not detectable (<5 mg/kg)
1.2.2.7.	Metal passivators additives according to:	IEC 60666	Not detectable (<0.05 mg/kg)
1.2.2.8.	2-Furfural content	IEC 61198	Non-detectable (<0.05 mg/kg)
1.2.3.	Performance		
1.2.3.1.	Oxidation stability <sup>f</sup>	IEC 61125 (method C) Test duration: 500 h	
1.2.3.2.	Total acidity <sup>f</sup>	IEC 61125	Max. 1.2 mg KOH/g
1.2.3.3.	Sludge <sup>f</sup>	IEC 61125	Max. 0.8%
1.2.3.4.	DDF at 90 °C <sup>f</sup>	IEC 61125	Max. 0.5
1.2.4.	Health, safety, and environment		
1.2.4.1.	Flash point	ISO 2719	Min. 135 °C
1.2.4.2.	PCA content	BS 2000 Part 346	Max. 3%
1.2.4.3.	PCB content	IEC 61619	Not detectable (<2 mg/kg)
1.2.4.4.	<sup>a</sup> For bulk supply, <sup>b</sup> For delivery in drums, <sup>c</sup> After laboratory treatment,		<sup>d</sup> Information must be provided <sup>e</sup> At the end of oxidation stability test <sup>f</sup> To be performed at the end of oxidation stability test.

1.3.	Requirements for Insulation Oil After Filling a New Equipment:	
	Property	Requirement
1.3.1.	Appearance	Clear, free from sediment and suspended matter
1.3.2.	Colour (on scale given in ISO 2049)	Max. 2.0
1.3.3.	Breakdown voltage [kV]	>55
1.3.4.	Water content [mg/kg] <sup>g</sup>	< 20
1.3.5.	Acidity [mg KOH/g]	Max. 0.03
1.3.6.	DDF at 90°C and 40 to 60 Hz	Max. 0.015
1.3.7.	Resistivity at 90°C [GΩm]	Min. 60
1.3.8.	Interfacial tension [mN/m]	Min. 35
1.3.9.	Total PCB content [mg/kg] <sub>h</sub>	Not detectable (< 2 total)
1.3.10.	Particles (counting, sizing)	Should be made as baseline for future comparison
1.3.11.	Inhibitor content <sup>h</sup>	-
1.3.12.	Total gas content according to IEC 61181 <sup>i</sup>	< 1%
1.3.13.	DGA according to IEC 61181	-
1.3.14.	<sup>g</sup> The values should be without temperature correction <sup>h</sup> Shall be similar to the value before first filling. <sup>i</sup> By vacuum extraction.	
1.3.15.	The shunt reactor oil COT shall be approved by Purchaser before delivery according to:	IEC 60296

## Annex 2: Operational experience

### 1. Operational experience

1.1. The proposed Manufacturer's plant should have at least 9 years of experience in production of at least 170kV to 245 kV SHUNT REACTORS

1.2. The bidder will provide contact details of at least 5 different customers of the bidder's 170-245 kV Shunt reactors, whose purchase from the last 7 years (more than 1-year experience with bidder's 161-245 kV Shunt reactors).

The reference list for the last 9 years shall include at least 50 units of such equipment supplied for at least 3 different countries and operated successfully for at least 1 year, and purchased during last 7 years. At least one of the countries must be from the EU (European Union) and/or OECD.

Only countries with an electrical transmission system of 170 kV and above will be accepted.

1.3. In order to prove compliance with above mentioned, the bidder is required to submit (for example) the following table, duly filled and signed by a qualified officer.

No.	170-245 kV Power Shunt reactor data (kV, MVA)	Quantity	Purchaser name & address	Supplied date	Energizing date	Contact details
1						
2						

**SPARE PARTS** - Spare parts shall be available for a period of life duration of 161 KV SHUNT REACTORS

## Annex 3: RAMS

# Reliability, Availability, Maintainability and Safety (RAMs) for 161 KV Liquid immersed shunt reactors

### 1. Reliability:

The Bidder shall present the reliability tasks and methods which are used to improve the design for reliability, and evaluate the MTTF/MTBF for (\*) **Major Failures** only, of the 161 kV SHUNT REACTORS components.

The Bidder shall provide expected values for the relevant parameters of the 161 kV SHUNT REACTORS components, and shall add their distribution whenever possible.

### 2. Failure Analysis:

From his Failure Reporting Analysis and Corrective Action System (FRACAS), Bidder shall present a failure report and the analysis of the failures which occurred during the service life of similar 161 kV Shunt reactors components manufactured by him. The report should include the withdrawn conclusion and the corrective actions subsequently undertaken.

\* **Major failure:** Failure of a Shunt reactor which causes the cessation of one or more of its fundamental functions.

A major failure will result in an immediate change in the system operating conditions, e.g the backup protective equipment will be required to remove the fault, or will result in mandatory removal from service within 30 minutes for unscheduled maintenance

### 3. 161 kV Shunt reactor RAM Data

Bidder shall submit the following 161 kV shunt reactor RAM Data:

	Component	MTBF (Yrs)	EOL (Yrs)	MTTR (Hrs)	<b>Where:</b>  <b>MTBF:</b> Mean Time between Failures, For *Major Failure <b>EOL:</b> Expected Operating Life. <b>MTTR:</b> Mean Time To Repair, for Major Failures
1	Liquid immersed shunt reactor				
2	Oil Air HV Bushing				
3	HV Bushing Current Transformers				
4	On Load Tap Changer				
5	Tap Changer Motor Drive				
6	OLTC Regulator				
7	Tap-Changer Position Indicator				
8	Pressure Relief Valve				
9	Buchholtz Relay				
10	Protective Relay for OLTC				
11	Winding				



#### 4. Field data

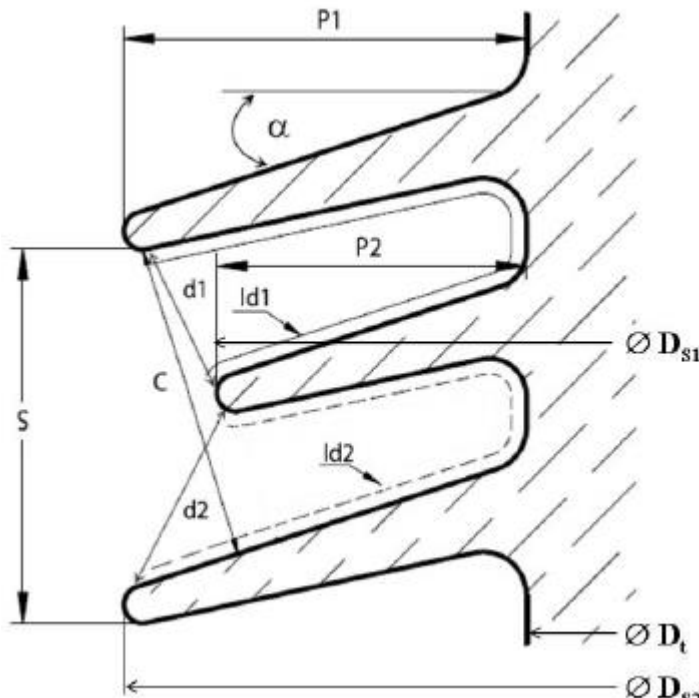
The bidder will fill the following table:

Field RAM Data		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Total number of installed Shunt reactors 170-245 kV Voltage [kV/kV] Power [MVA]										
Total No. of Major Failures										
Specific part which undergo Major Failure	Oil Air Bushing									
	Bushing Current Transformers									
	On Load Tap Changer									
	Tap Changer Motor Drive									
	Automatic OLTC Regulator									
	Tap-Changer Position Indicator									
	Pressure Relief Device									
	Buchholtz Relay									
	Protective Relay for OLTC									
	Winding									
	Other: _____									
Mean Time to Repair/Replace										

#### 5. Unreliability Demonstration Procedure (UDP)/Reliability Test

NOGA IISO could conduct an Unreliability Demonstration Procedure (UDP)/Reliability Test, according to NOGA IISO's Judgement. The manufacturer may request NOGA to see example for a UDP . The final UDP could be change according to each individual case and circumstances, as to be decided by NOGA IISO.

**Annex 4: Bushings required profile parameters**

<b>Flat Alternating Sheds</b>		
The profile parameters shall be according to the following values		
	$P_1 - P_2$	$> 15 \text{ mm}$
	$S/P_1$	$> 0.75$
	$C$	$> 40 \text{ mm}$
	$\alpha$	$7^\circ \leq \alpha \leq 14^\circ$
	$D_a$	$< 300 \text{ mm}$
	$K_{ad}$	1
	USCD	53.7 mm/kV
	$A$	$> 1500 \text{ mm}$
	$CF = L/A$	$3.0 < CF < 4.5$
	$l_1/d_1$	$2.5 \div 4.5$
	$l_2/d_2$	$2.5 \div 4.5$
$P_1, P_2, S, C, \alpha, l_{d1}, d_1, l_{d2}, d_2, D_{s1}, D_{s2}, D_t$ : see drawing. $D_a = \frac{D_{s1} + D_{s2} + 2D_t}{4}$ $L$ : creepage distance. $A$ : arcing distance.		

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**Revision Control Table:**

Rev	Date	Revision description	Approve by